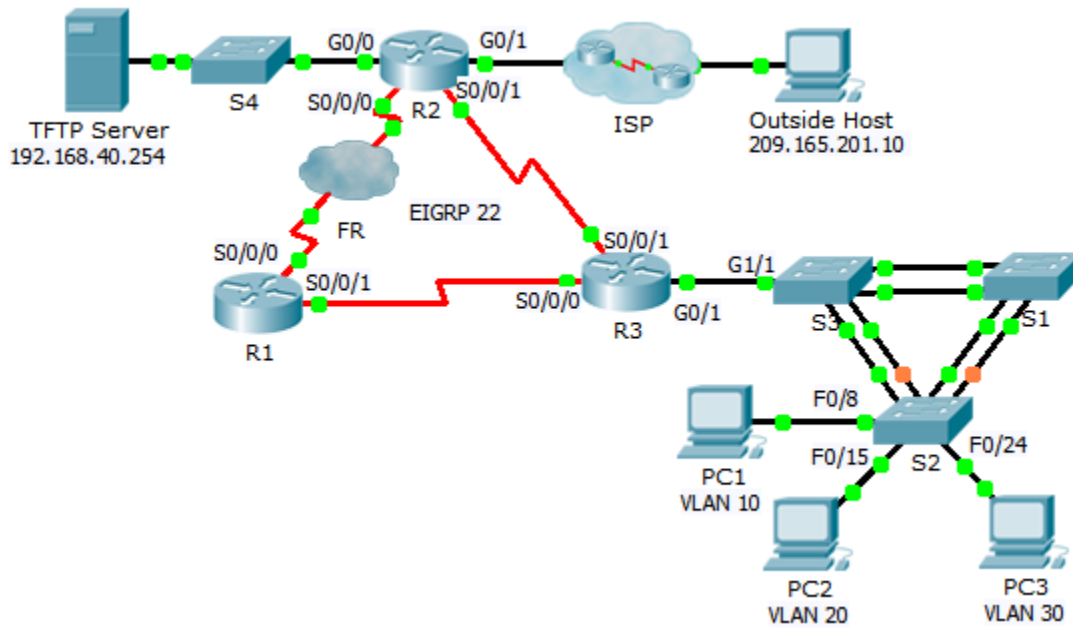


Packet Tracer – Troubleshooting Enterprise Networks 1

Topology



Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
R1	S0/0/0	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.3.3.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
R2	G0/0	192.168.40.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	G0/1	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned	N/A
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
R3	G0/0.10	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	G0/0.20	192.168.20.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	G0/0.30	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	G0/0.88	192.168.88.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	10.3.3.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
S1	VLAN 88	192.168.88.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.88.1
S2	VLAN 88	192.168.88.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.88.1
S3	VLAN 88	192.168.88.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.88.1
PC1	NIC	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned
PC2	NIC	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned
PC3	NIC	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned	DHCP assigned
TFTP Server	NIC	192.168.40.254	255.255.255.0	192.168.40.1

Background

This activity uses a variety of technologies you have encountered during your CCNA studies, including VLANs, STP, routing, inter-VLAN routing, DHCP, NAT, PPP, and Frame Relay. Your task is to review the requirements, isolate and resolve any issues, and then document the steps you took to verify the requirements.

Requirements

VLANs and Access

- S2 is the spanning-tree root for VLAN 1, 10, and 20. S3 is the spanning-tree root for VLAN 30 and 88.
- The trunk links connecting the switches are in native VLAN 99.
- R3 is responsible for inter-VLAN routing and serves as the DHCP server for VLANs 10, 20, and 30.

Routing

- Each router is configured with EIGRP and uses AS 22.
- R2 is configured with a default route pointing to the ISP and redistributes the default route.
- NAT is configured on R2 and no untranslated addresses are permitted to cross the Internet.

